

Mathematical Modelling For Closed Loop Control

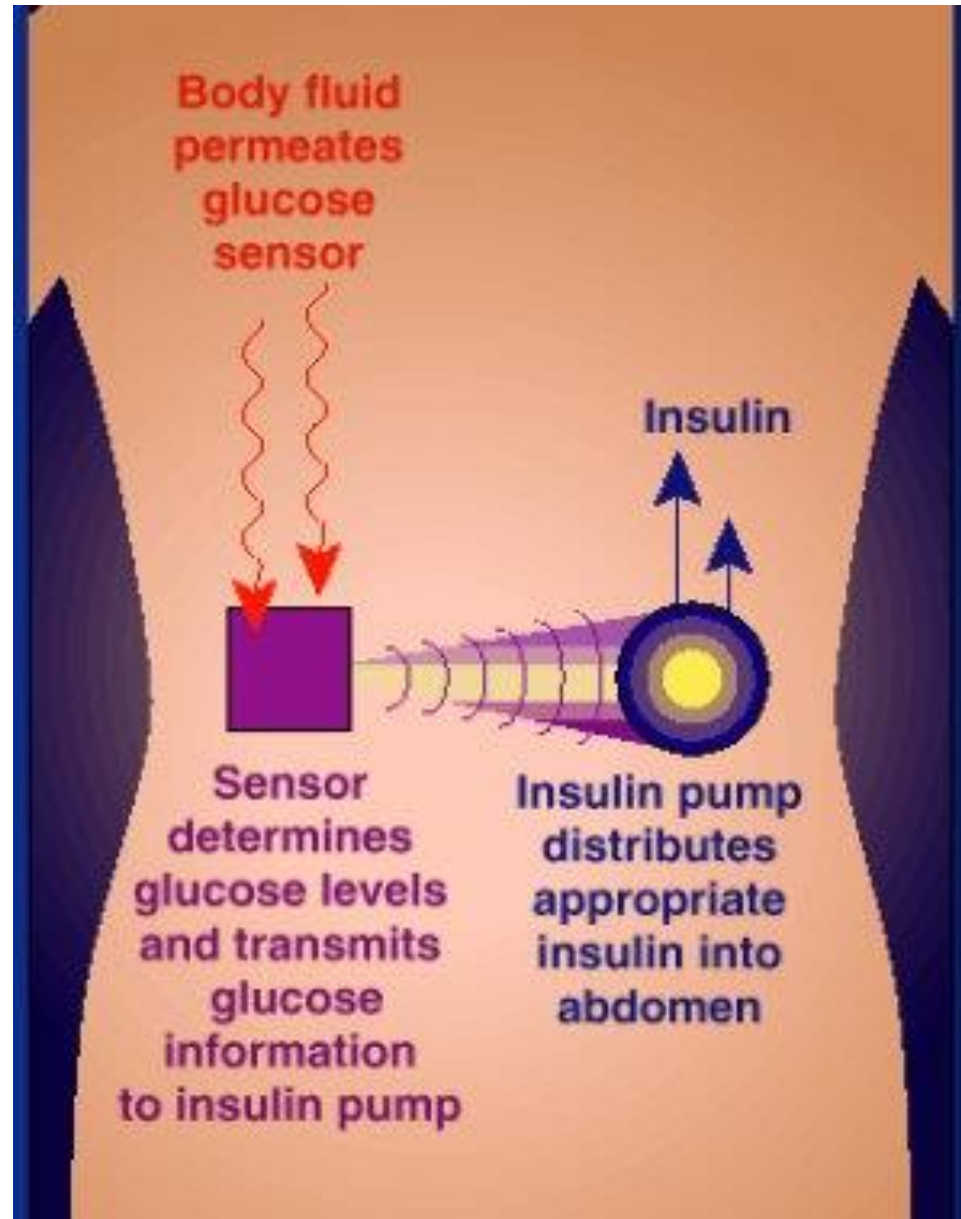


Helen Byrne

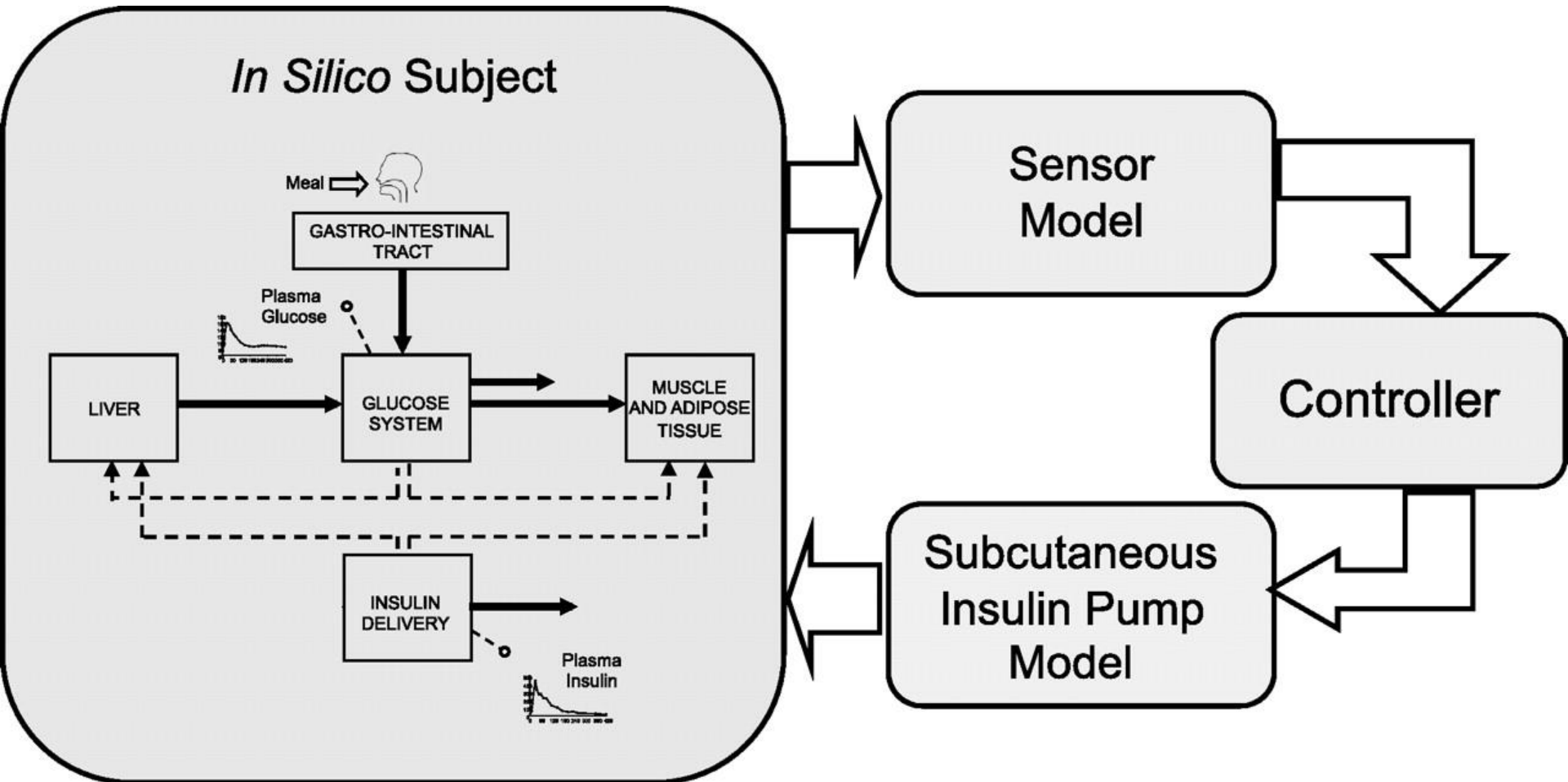
Cyclops Grand Challenge Workshop

Nottingham, 20-21 March 2017

Closed-Loop Control: The Artificial Pancreas



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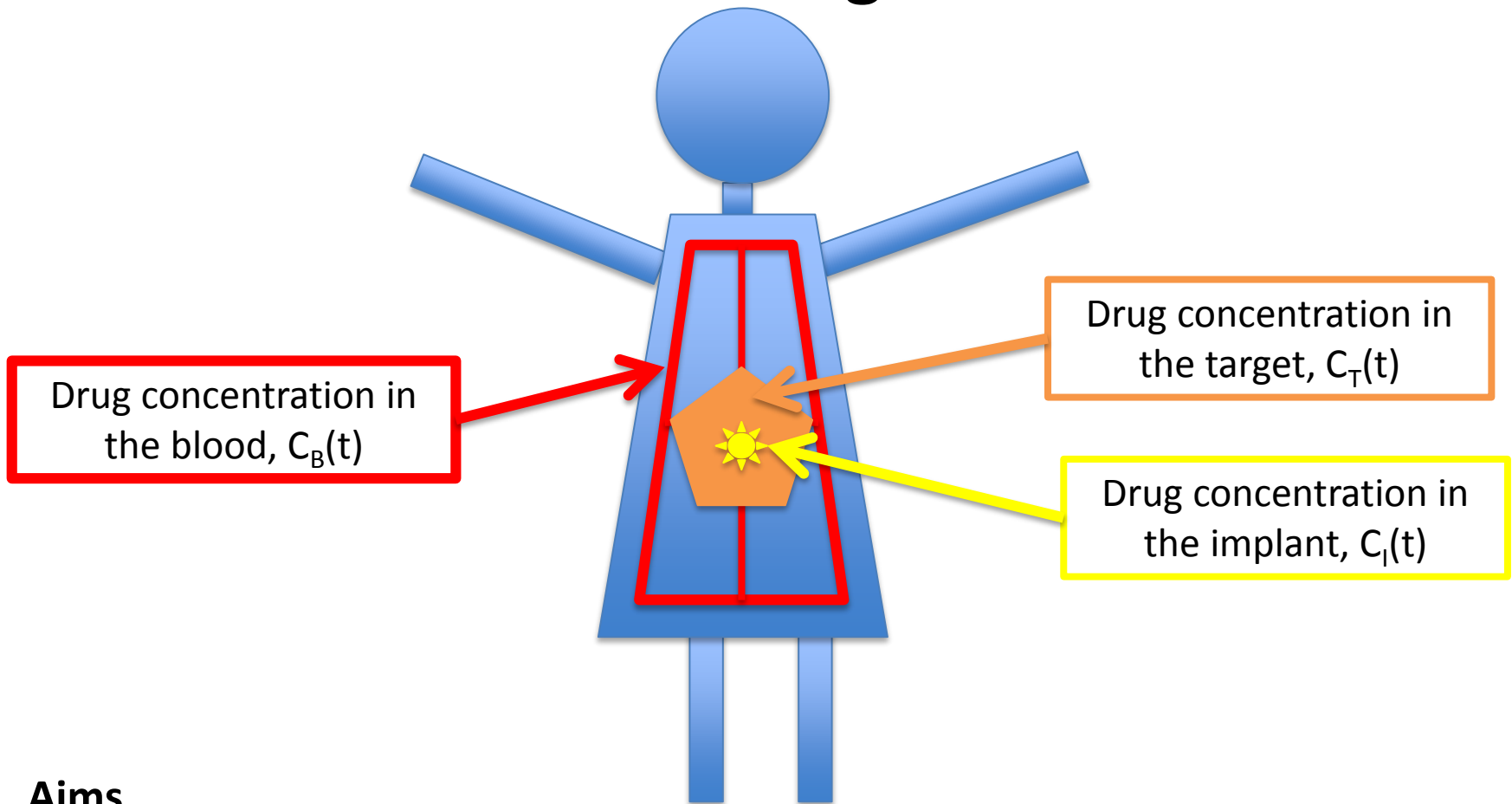
Closed-Loop Control:

How Do I Build A Mathematical Model?



- What are the **quantities of interest**?
- What are the **observables**?
- What are the **control parameters**?
- What are the **timescales of interest**?

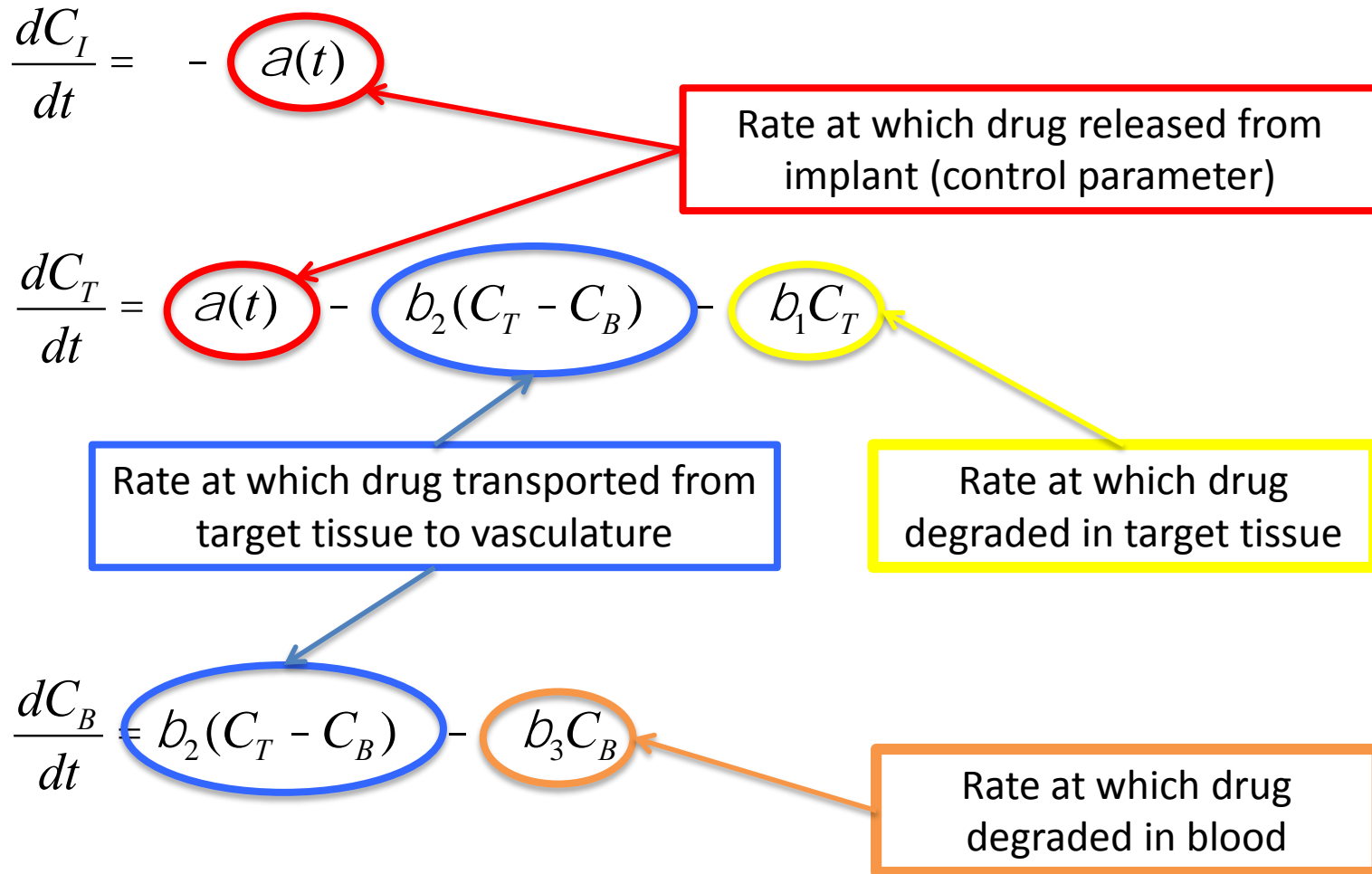
A Simple Example: Controlled Drug Release



Aims

- **Control drug release** rate from implant to **maintain drug levels in target tissue** within **efficacious** and **non-toxic** levels
- **Signal** to change implant (eg **drug levels low, device malfunction**)

Controlled Drug Release: A Prototype Mathematical Model



Controlled Drug Release: Possible Control Strategy

$$a(t + Dt) = \begin{cases} a_{low} & \text{if } C_T(t) > C_{max} \\ a_{med} & \text{if } C_{min} < C_T(t) < C_{max} \\ a_{high} & \text{if } C_{min} > C_T(t) \end{cases}$$

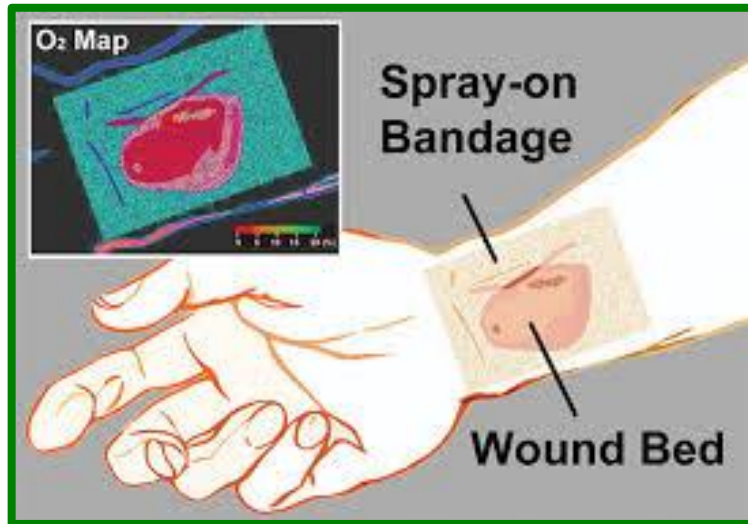
Controlled Drug Release: From Prototype to Practice

$$\frac{dC_I}{dt} = -a(t) \quad \frac{dC_T}{dt} = a(t) - b_2(C_T - C_B) - b_1C_T \quad \frac{dC_B}{dt} = b_2(C_T - C_B) - b_3C_B$$

Possible Model Extensions

- More detailed models of drug metabolism and control
- Account for drug action:
 - Halt treatment for non-responders
 - Increase drug levels for responders
- Smart(er) implant:
 - Multiple drugs
 - More sophisticated control system
 - Multiple observables (eg oxygen levels, pH, temperature)

Smart Bandages for Wound Healing



- **Quantities of interest:**
 - wound size, degree of perfusion, signs of infection
- **Observables:**
 - temperature, pH, glucose, oxygen
- **Control parameters:**
 - antibiotics, pressure, warning signal
- **Timescales of interest:** days

